

Motivation

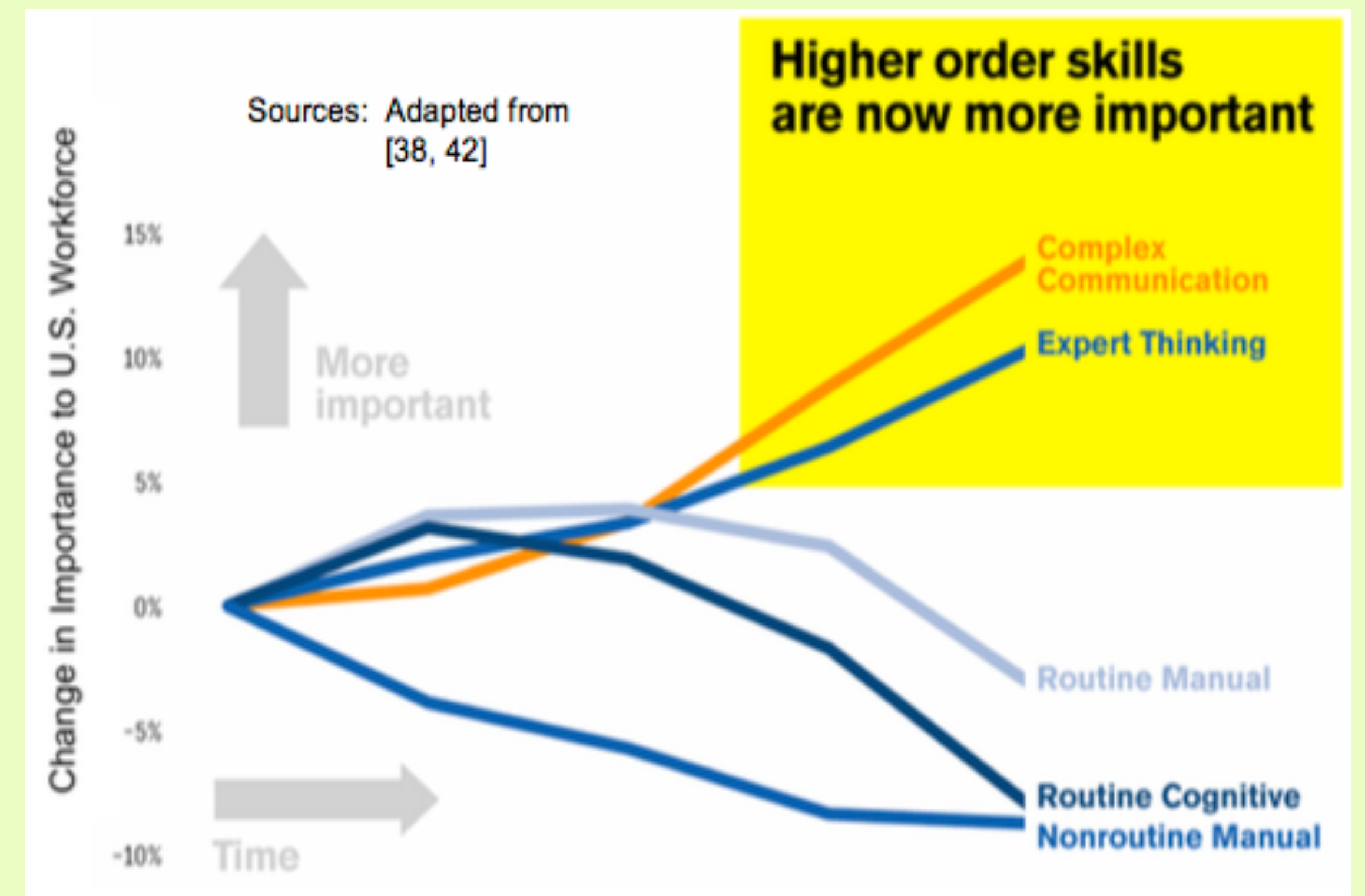


Increasing Demand for Parallel Programmers ... from multi-core to supercomputing ...

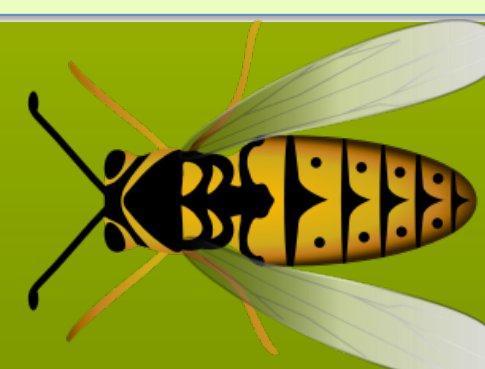
1. Ubiquity of multi-core computing systems – supercomputers, desktops, laptops, embedded systems, and smartphones!
2. Lack of exposure to parallel programming by undergraduates
 - Parallel programming typically an *elective* class during the senior year and generally *not* taken because it's "too hard."
 - Undergraduates "brainwashed" with an ingrained sequential mindset in their approach to writing computer codes

Best Way to Create More Parallel Programmers?
 Start them young! As young as middle school.

Technological Changes Affecting U.S. Workforce Skills



Approach



Research & develop building blocks for parallel programming

1. Leverage (sequential) picture-based programming environments, e.g., Scratch or Snap!
2. Introduce explicit building blocks for Parallel Programming with Pictures (PPP)
3. Incorporate appropriate infrastructure code for parallel execution in Scratch or Snap!
4. Generate back-end code so that parallel supercomputing systems can be supported, e.g., laptop → Tiny Titan at ORNL → Titan at ORNL.

Programmer's View

```
when I receive system ready
repeat until finished = true
set reply to ask shared_buffer connect consumer consumer_id
set data to ask shared_buffer receive
set reply to ask shared_buffer disconnect
consume data
```

Producer Object

```
when I receive system ready
repeat until finished = true
set data to produce data
set reply to ask shared_buffer connect producer producer_id
set reply to ask shared_buffer send data
set reply to ask shared_buffer disconnect
```

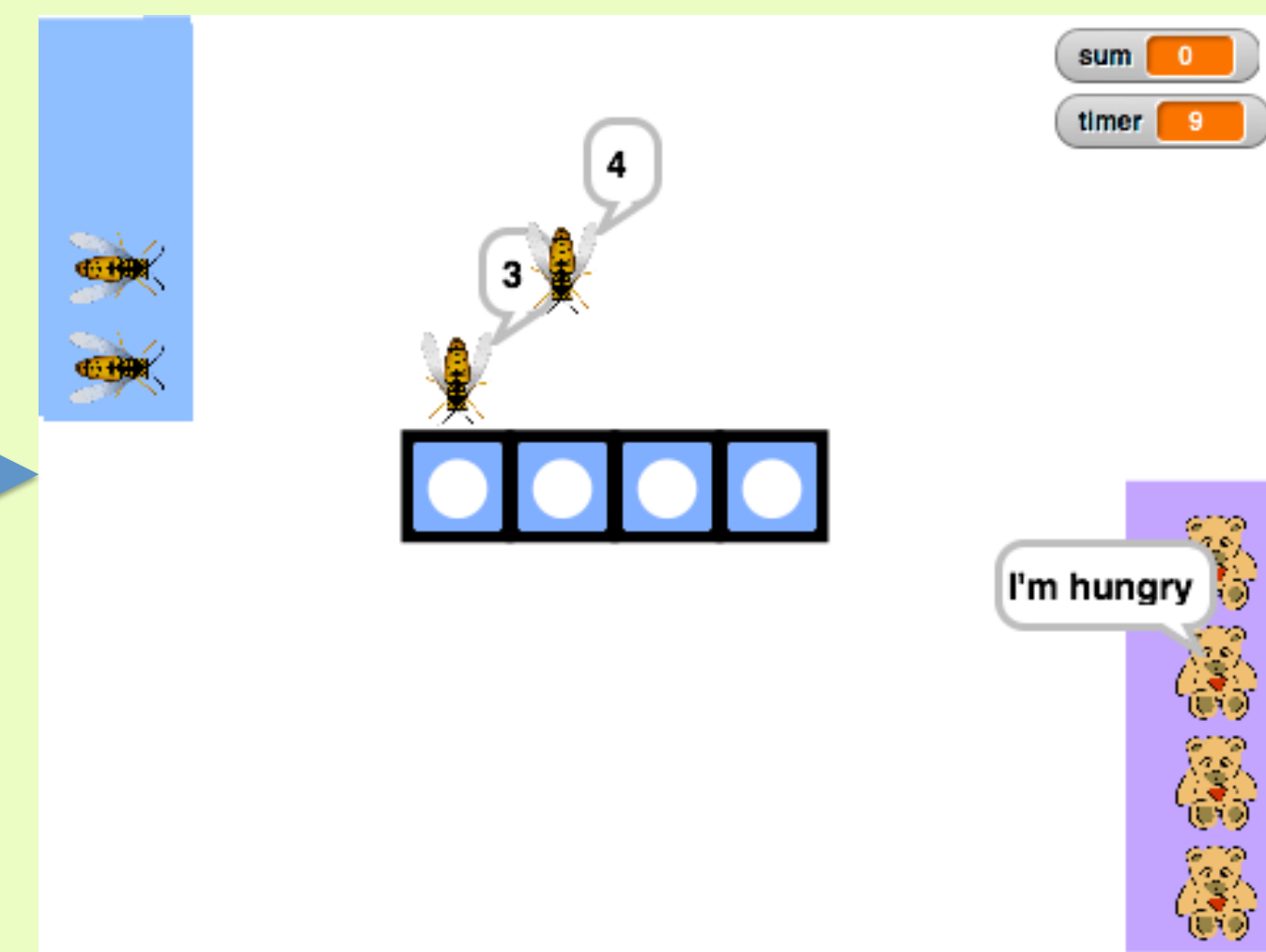
Consumer Object

Hidden Back-End Code

```
when clicked
script variables reply
set timer to 0
repeat until count = job_size
wait 1 secs
change timer by 1
set num_producers to 0
set num_consumers to 0
set producer_flags to array of size num_producers
set consumer_flags to array of size num_consumers
set buffer_flags to array of size shared_buffer_size
set shared_buffer to make a buffer shared_buffer_size
set reply to ask shared_buffer first
broadcast system ready
```

Hidden Back-End Code

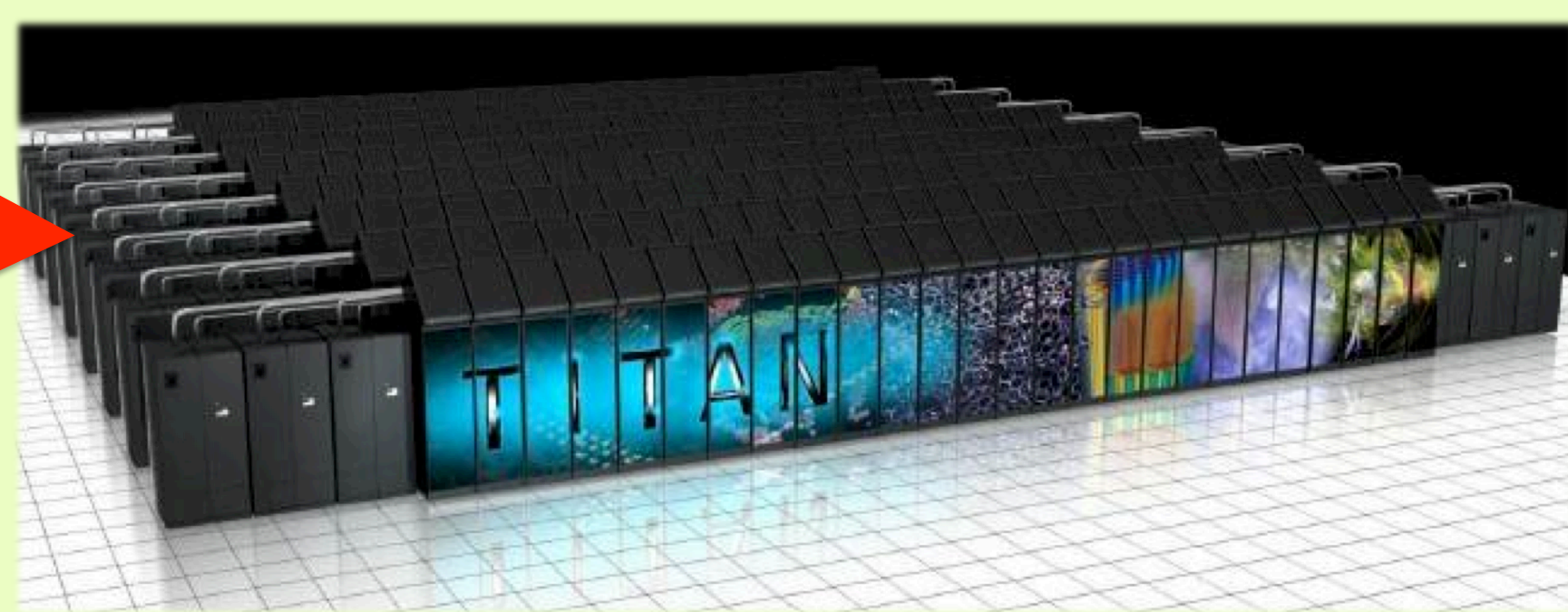
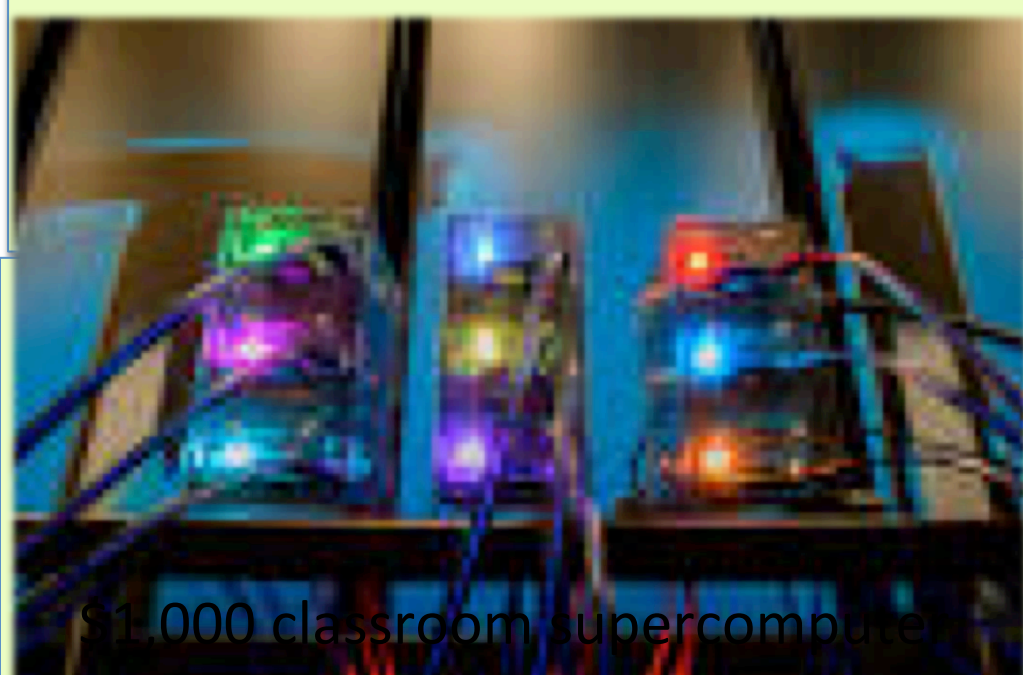
```
Process.prototype.reportParallelLib = function(lib) {
var p;
function fib(n) { if (n <= 2) return 1; else return fib(n-2) + fib(n-3); }
if (this.context.inputs.length > 2) {
p = new ParallelList(askArray(3));
p.run(fib);
this.context.inputs[1] = p; // store object in this.context.inputs...
} else {
p = this.context.inputs[1]; // ...to check in later runsteps for completion
if (p.operation_resolved) {
return new List(p.data);
};
this.pushContext('libid');
this.pushContext();
};
};
```



Output Environment for Visual Feedback

Programmer's View

```
set ppp_ans_2 to pffb over list 21 22 23
```



Conclusion

- Create a general and comprehensive set of parallel building blocks to enable explicit coding of multiple parallel paradigms

Future Work

- Expand the available parallel building blocks. (Current Support: Producer-consumer only)
- Generalize the back-end of "Parallel Programming with Pictures" (PPP) so that it can be adapted to other parallel supercomputing environments, including Tiny Titan and Titan at ORNL.
- Demo for hands-on interactivity at SC'15

1. Teach parallel programming concepts
2. Enable explicit parallel programming in a blocks-based language
3. Cater to K-12 students, undergraduate students, or professionally re-training with easily understood abstractions
4. Provide general abstractions for coding multiple parallel paradigms
5. Inform by using the blocks in tutorials and example code

